

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: XII	Department: Commerce
Worksheet No: 2	Topic: DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP FIRM

1. Ramesh and Umesh were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of their capitals. On 31st March, 2021, their Balance Sheet was as follows:

Liabili	ties	Amount	Assets	Amount
Creditors		1,70,000	Bank	1,10,000
Workmen Com	pensation			
Reserve		2,10,000	Debtors	2,40,000
General Reserv	ve .	2,00,000	Stock	1,30,000
Ramesh's Curre	ent			
Account		80,000	Furniture	2,00,000
Capital A/cs:			Machinery	9,30,000
			Umesh's Current	
Ramesh	7,00,000		Account	50,000
Umesh	3,00,000	10,00,000		
		16,60,000		16,60,000

On the above date the firm was dissolved.

- (a) Ramesh took over 50% of stock at `10,000 less than book value. The remaining stock was sold at a loss of `15,000. Debtors `were realised at a discount of 5%.
- (b) Furniture was taken over by Umesh for `50,000 and machinery was sold for `4,50,000.
- (c) Creditors were paid in full.
- (d) There was an unrecorded bill for repairs `for `1,60,000 which was settled at `1,40,000. **Prepare Realisation Account.**
 - 2. Achal and Vichal were partners in a firm sharing profits in the ratio of 3:5. On 31st March, 2022, their Balance Sheet was as follows:

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Capital			
A/cs:		Land and Building	4,00,000
Achal 3,00,000		Machinery	3,00,000
Vichal 5,00,000	8,00,000	Debtors	2,22,000
Creditors	1,79,000	Cash at Bank	78,000
Employees'			
Provident Fund	21,000		
	10,00,000		10,00,000
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The firm was dissolved on 1st April, 2022 and the Assets and Liabilities were settled as follows:

- (a) Land and Building realised `4,30,000.
- (b) Debtors realised `2,25,000 and `1,000 were recovered for Bad Debts written off last year.
- (c) There was an Unrecorded Investment which was sold for `25,000.
- (d) Vichal took over Machinery at `2,80,000 for cash.
- (e) 50% of the Creditors were paid `4,000 less in full settlement and the remaining Creditors were paid full amount.

Prepare Realisation A/c.

3. Bale and Yale are equal partners of a firm. They decide to dissolve their partnership on 31st March, 2022 at which date their Balance Sheet stood as:

Liabilities	`	Assets	`
Capital A/cs:		Building	45,000
Bale 50,000		Machinery	15,000
Yale 40,000	90,000	Furniture	12,000
General			
Reserve	8,000	Debtors	8,000
Bale's			
Loan A/c	3,000	Stock	24,000
Creditors	14,000	Bank	11,000
	1,15,000		1,15,000

(a) The assets realised were:

Stock 22,000; Debtors 7,500; Machinery 16,000; Building 35,000.

- (b) Yale took over the Furniture at 9,000.
- (c) Bale agreed to accept 2,500 in full settlement of his Loan Account.
- (d) Dissolution Expenses amounted to 2,500.

Prepare necessary accounts on dissolution.

4. *A* and *B* are partners in a firm sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 3 : 2. On 31st March, 2021, their Balance Sheet was as follows:

BALANCE SHEET as at 31st March, 2021

Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
Creditors	38,000	Cash at Bank	11,500
M`. A's Loan	10,000	Stock	6,000
B's Loan	15,000	Debtors	19,000
Reserve	5,000	Furniture	4,000
A'sCapital 10,000		Plant	28,000
B'sCapital 8,000	18,000	Investments	10,000
		Profit and Loss A/C	7,500

86,000	86,000

The firm was dissolved on 31st March, 2021 and both the partners agreed to the following:

- (a) A took Investments at an agreed value of 8,000. He also agreed to settle M `. A's Loan.
- (b) Other assets realised as: Stock -5,000; Debtors -18,500; Furniture -4,500; Plant -25,000.
- (c) Expenses of realisation came to 1,600.
- (d) Creditors agreed to accept 37,000 in full settlement of their claims.

Prepare Realisation Account, Partners' Capital Accounts and Bank Account.

5. Balance Sheet of *P*, *Q* and *R* as at 31st March, 2021, who were sharing profits in the ratio of 5 : 3 : 1, was:

Liabilities		Amount	Assets		Amount
Bills Payable		40,000	Cash at Bank		40,000
Loan from Bank		30,000	Stock		19,000
General Reserve		9,000	Sundry Debtors	42,000	
			Less: Provision for		
Capital A/cs:			Doubtful Debts	2,000	40,000
P	44,000				
Q	36,000		Building		40,000
R	20,000	1,00,000	Plant and Machinery		40,000
			•		
		1,79,000			1,79,000
		_			

The partners dissolved the business. Assets realised – Stock 23,400; Debtors 50%; Fixed Assets 10% less than their book value. Bills Payable were settled for 32,000. There was an Outstanding Bill of Electricity 800 which was paid off. Realisation expenses 1,250 were also paid.

Prepare Realisation Account, Partner's Capital Accounts and Bank Account.

6.Ashu and Harish are partners sharing profit and losses as 3 : 2 . They decided to dissolve the firm on 31st March, 2022. Their Balance Sheet on the above date was:

Liabilitie	S	Amount	Assets	Amount
Capital A/cs:			Building	80,000
Ashu	1,08,000		Machinery	70,000
Harish	54,000	1,62,000	Furniture	14,000
Creditors		88,000	Stock	20,000
Bank Overdraft		50,000	Investments	60,000
			Debtors	48,000
			Cash	8,000

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	3,00,000	3,00,000

Ashu is to take over the building at 95,000 and Machinery and Furniture is taken over by Harish at value of 80,000. Ashu agreed to pay Creditor and Harish agreed to meet Bank overdraft. Stock and Investments are taken by both partner in profit-sharing ratio. Debtors realised for 46,000, expenses of realisation amounted to 3,000.

Prepare necessary Ledger Accounts.

7. A, B and C were equal partners. On 31st March, 2022, their Balance Sheet stood as:

Liabilities		Amount	Assets	Amount
Creditors		50,400	Cash	3,700
Reserve		12,000	Stock	20,100
Capital A/cs:			Debtors	62,600
Ā	40,000		Loan to A	10,000
B	25,000		Investments	16,000
C	15,000	80,000	Furniture	6,500
			Building	23,500
		1,42,400		1,42,400
				•

The firm was dissolved on the above date on the following terms:

- (a) For the purpose of dissolution, Investments were valued at 18,000 and A took over the Investments at this value.
- (b) Fixed Assets realised 29,700 whereas Stock and Debtors realised 80,000.
- (c) Expenses of realisation amounted to 1,300.
- (d) Creditors allowed a discount of 800.
- (e) One Bill receivable for 1,500 under discount was dishonoured as the acceptor had become insolvent and was unable to pay anything and hence the bill had to be met by the firm.

Prepare Realisation Account, Partner's Capital Accounts and Cash Account.